**How to change tomcat port number?**

In application. Property file we can change port number

Property

Server.port=portnumber

Example : server.port=9091

**Spring Boot – How to Change Default Context Path?**

In application. Property file we can change context path

server.servlet.context-path=/CMS

**how to create rest api?**

With the help of @RestController Annotation we can create rest api it is a combination of @ResponseBody+@Controller

@GetMapping Annotion

With the help of @GetMapping annotation we can easily define endpoints of RESTful API and handle various HTTP requests. @GetMapping annotation is used for mapping HTTP GET requests onto specific handler methods. Retrieves a resource or data from a server.

How can we set multiple url?

@GetMapping({"/","/index","/home"})

**public** String defaultUrl()

{

**return** "Home Page";

}

What Is the use of @SpringBootApplication?

The entry point of the Spring boot application is the class that contains @SpringBootApplication annotation and the main method.it is a combination of three Annotations. @EnableAutoConfuguration+@ComponentScan+@Configuration=@SpringBootApplication

**@GetMapping VS @RequestMapping Annotation**

Both are annotations which is use to mapped the URL for handle HTTP Request.

**@GetMapping**

* @GetMapping Annotation Is use to only method level
* it is designed specifically for mapping HTTP GET requests. It’s a shortcut for specifying that a method should handle only GET requests.
* we need to pass only URL.
* Syntax:- @GetMapping(“/url”)

Example:-

@GetMapping("/hey")

**public** String heyKomal()

{

**return** "Hi Komal, Welcome to Springboot Application";

}

**@RequestMapping**

@RequestMapping Annotation We can use with both Method level and class level.

It can be used to handle various HTTP methods like GET, POST, PUT, DELETE, and more.

This is a more general-purpose annotation that can be used to map methods to HTTP requests, specifying the HTTP method as a parameter.

Syntax:- @ReqeustMapping(value=”/url”,method=Request.GET)

Example:-

@RequestMapping(value="/hi",method=RequestMethod.***GET***)

**public** String hiHarendra()

{

**return** "Hi Harendra, Welcome to Springboot Application";

}

@PostMapping

**@PathVariable Annotation**

The @PathVariable annotation is used to extract the data from the URL. It is most suitable for the RESTful web service where the URL contains some value. Spring MVC allows us to use multiple @PathVariable annotations in the same method. A path variable is a critical part of creating rest resources.